## Calculating Simple Interest Rates Answer Key

Directions: In this assignment, you will use the simple interest rate formula to compare the amount of interest and the total amount paid on two different car loans.

$$
I=P * r * t
$$

## Loan 1.

Amount Borrowed: \$20,000
Interest Rate (APR): 3.25\%
Length of Loan: 60 months

## Show your work for Loan 1.

- $\mathbf{P}$ is the principal amount, $\$ 20,000$
- $r$ is the interest rate, $3.25 \%$ per year, or in decimal form, 3.25/100=0.0325
- $t$ is the time involved, 5 year(s)

Equation: $20,000 \times 0.0325 \times 5$

Total Interest Paid: \$3,250
Total Amount Paid: \$23,250

## Loan 2.

Amount Borrowed: \$20,000
Interest Rate (APR): 4.1\%
Length of Loan: 48 months

## Show your work for Loan 2.

- $\mathbf{P}$ is the principal amount, $\$ 20,000$
- $r$ is the interest rate, $4.1 \%$ per year, or in decimal form, 4.1/100=0.041
- $\mathbf{t}$ is the time involved, 4 year(s)

Equation: $\mathrm{I}=20,000 \times 0.041 \times 4$

Total Interest Paid: \$3,280

Total Amount Paid: \$23,280

What are the differences in these two loans? What can you conclude from those differences?

There is only $\$ 30$ difference in the two loans, even though the interest rate is higher on Loan 2. The difference is the length/duration of the loan. It pays to compare interest rates and duration of loans, even when one interest rate is lower than the other.

Note: The monthly payments might be a factor when deciding which loan is best for the borrower. Loan 1 would have monthly payments of $\$ 387.50$, and Loan 2 would have monthly payments of $\$ 485$.

